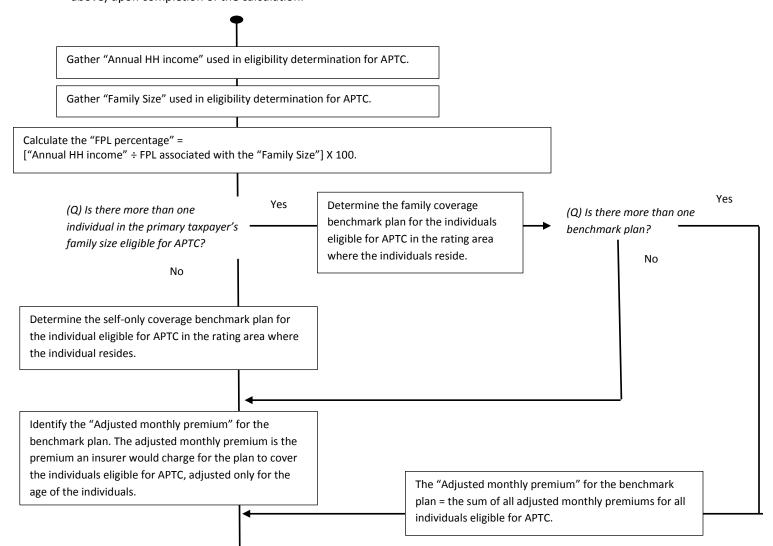
Calculating the Advance Premium Tax Credit - Initial Enrollment

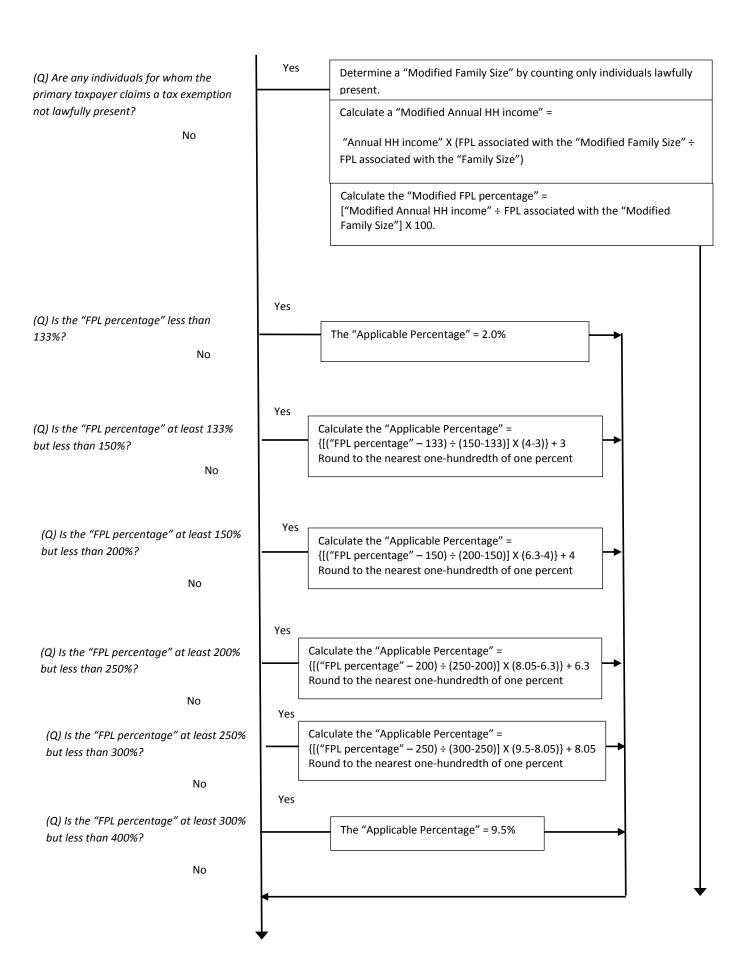
There are many variables associated with the amount of the premium tax credit. It is <u>retrospectively</u> determined when a primary taxpayer files his or her tax return and is based on several factors: the number of covered months, the number of qualified individuals covered, household income of the primary taxpayer, family size of the primary taxpayer, benchmark plan associated with primary taxpayer, applicable percentage that determines the primary taxpayer's share of premiums for a benchmark plan, the actual plan premiums, etc. Assumption is that the Exchange will need to <u>prospectively</u> determine the monthly premium tax credit for each QHP offered to the application filer to help the application filer decide which QHP(s) to enroll qualified individuals. Assumption is this monthly amount will carry forward throughout the taxable year unless a change is reported/discovered in which case a redetermination is made.

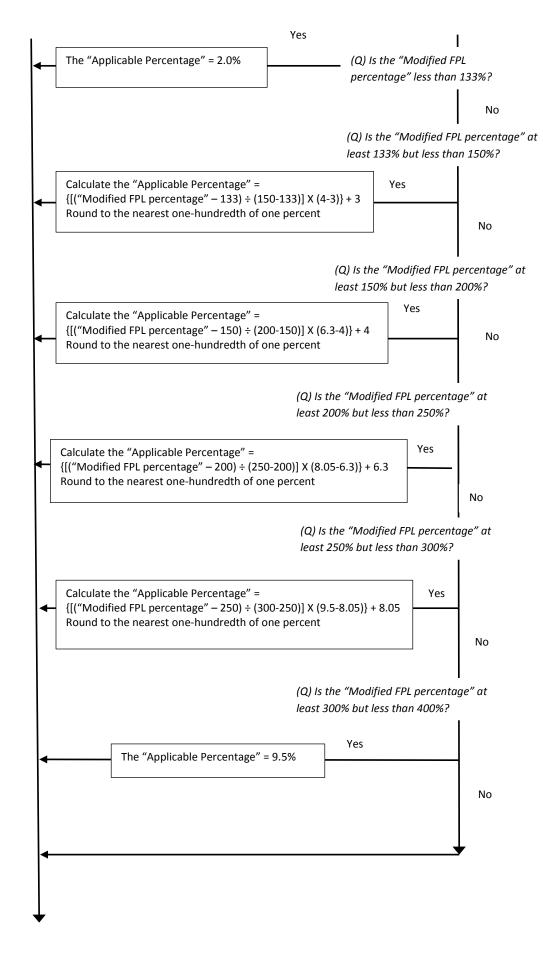
Pre-conditions: Eligibility determination has been completed for all individuals seeking an eligibility determination for insurance affordability programs. All qualified individuals associated with an application has been determined, and at least 1 individual within an primary taxpayer's household has been determined eligible for the advance premium tax credit. Iterate on each primary taxpayer.

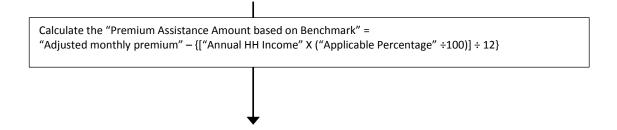
Authority: § 1.36B – 3

Assumptions: FPL percentage is <u>rounded up</u> to the nearest whole number (145.1 becomes 146% FPL). Dollar amounts are rounded to the nearest whole dollar (drop amounts when under 50 cents, increase amounts when above) upon completion of the calculation.









Iterate on each QHP available to the primary taxpayer:

